

the Amazing Son In Law Chapter 6974

He knew very well in his heart that, given his current situation, as long as his demands were not outrageous and the funds he used did not make his father feel distressed, his father would definitely give him the green light.

With Howard's words, Steve planned to go back and discuss the acquisition with the remote sensing satellite company first. After the details of the acquisition were finalized, he would let his subordinates complete the follow-up matters, and he would go to China as soon as possible to report to Charlie Wade.

...

After the father and son left the palace and returned to the hotel, Steve returned to his room and arranged for his confidant to immediately contact the remote sensing satellite company that Charlie Wade wanted.

At times like these, we must cut the Gordian knot, get in touch, reach an agreement, and complete the task as soon as possible.

It just so happens that I can take this opportunity to show Charlie Wade my ability to do things.

This remote sensing satellite company has not been doing very well over the years. Its main source of revenue comes from providing data licenses to companies around the world that need satellite maps, just like navigation companies sell their own map licenses. They make a set of maps at their own expense and then sell them to various companies that need map functions in their own software.

However, since they provide high-precision satellite images, the company has long been registered with the U.S. national security department. The National Security Agency has many requirements and constraints on them, which will greatly limit their revenue capabilities.

For example, any company that buys their satellite data can only buy the latest images from a few months ago. Although their satellites are constantly taking photos of the entire world, the Department of Homeland Security is worried that they will leak secrets of the military and other departments when updating the latest data, so they require that the fastest update time must be no later than six months.

To put it bluntly, the satellite images that can be opened to partners today are those taken six months ago, while the satellite images taken today will not be open to partners until six months later.

This results in satellite images being unattractive to a considerable number of users due to their lack of real-time performance.

If the database is updated fast enough, its practicality will increase exponentially. However, for the US government, if the database of such a company is updated too quickly, it will also be a threat to them. If the US president travels secretly, a day later, ordinary netizens will be able to capture the president's movements through the changes in the position of Air Force One. This is absolutely intolerable.

Moreover, the United States has military operations in many countries. Take Syria for example. The US military had just stolen Syria's oil, and the next day satellite photos showed it clearly. This was unacceptable to the US military.

Therefore, in addition to the rigid regulations on timeliness, the national security department will have many other requirements. For example, satellite images within certain coordinate ranges must be valid for more than two years, while some coordinates do not allow their satellites to conduct any form of photography. Some coordinates must even be replaced with image materials provided by the national security department to conceal their identities. Perhaps there are already ten nuclear missile silos in this place, but on the satellite map, it is still an uninhabited desert with no birds or animals.

In addition, their database is directly connected to the security department, which checks their data at any time to prevent any possibility of confidentiality leaks.

Such numerous restrictions and fetters are like a tight hoop and full of torture for this company. Their founders and shareholders once hoped to sell the company and start a new business in an unconstrained track, but the national security department did not give them this opportunity. They stipulated that the controlling shareholder of this company must be a native American company, and the actual controller of the company must be an American of more than three generations. This restricted some potential buyers in the United States and all potential buyers outside the United States.

Not only are there requirements for controlling shareholders, but even before the company goes public, all shareholders must be companies from NATO member countries. Any current shareholders are not allowed to resell shares of the animal species to companies in other countries outside of NATO member countries.

This means that if Charlie Wade uses normal channels, it would be a pipe dream to even acquire 1% of the company's shares.

Of course, so many restrictions also make it a pipe dream for the founder of this company to sell off and cash out, because no one would be interested in his company. After all, no one wants to buy a company that is constrained in every way.

Just when the company founder thought that he would never be able to cash out in his lifetime, he suddenly received a message that the famous Rothschild family was actually interested in his humble company! Even more, Rothschild wanted to acquire his company in full!

