Jagged 1691

Chapter 1691

"Your Excellency, Marshal, the Americans are still vulnerable. Under the attack of our two marine divisions, the US troops stationed in Aldous and Mulgrave retreated after only one hour. Now, the Marine Corps No. The 6th and 7th Divisions have captured Aldous and Mulgrave. Engineers are starting to build pontoon bridges," reported Lieutenant General Coulter, Chief of Staff of the 1st Army.

"Very well, let the engineers speed up the construction of the pontoon bridge. Let our troops get ready to cross the strait in the shortest possible time!" Marshal Bromberg ordered.

Occupying a solid beachhead in the southern Canso Strait is only the first step. Next, the German army will have to resist the American counterattack before it can be regarded as truly gaining a foothold on the North American continent, and the follow-up combat plans will be realized one after another.

"Yes, Your Excellency the Marshal!" Lieutenant General Kurt replied.

The engineers of the German army progressed very smoothly without interference. Two hours later, the Germans built a pontoon bridge at Aldous and Mulgrave respectively.

The troops under the 1st Army of the German Army began to cross the strait through the pontoon bridge.

At the same time, German engineers are still working hard to build more pontoon bridges. The German army not only needs infantry to cross the strait through the pontoon bridge, but also needs to let those heavy equipment, such as heavy artillery, trucks, armored divisions and even tanks, cross the pontoon bridge. This made the German army not only need to build more pontoon bridges, but also need to build pontoon bridges strong enough to withstand those heavy equipment to cross the strait.

After the US military retreated from Aldous and Mulgrave, they did not give up. The main force of the US First Army is gathering. The armored units with the 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division as the main force are not far from Aldous and Mulgrave. Even the US 1st Heavy Artillery Brigade, equipped with 72 203mm heavy howitzers, has already rushed to the front line. As long as Lieutenant General Omar Bradley gave the order to attack, they could immediately launch a counterattack and drive the German troops crossing the strait into the sea in one fell swoop.

"General, the Germans have built a pontoon bridge on the Canso Strait. A large number of their infantry is crossing the strait." Major General Thomas reported.

"Very well, closely monitor the movements of the Germans." Lieutenant General Omar Bradley ordered.

He is not going to launch an attack now, he hopes to wait until the number of German troops crossing the Canso Strait reaches a certain number before launching an attack. In that case, they will be able to hit the German army in one fell swoop. Of course, this degree must be grasped well. Arranging for Mar Bradley to cross the strait was all German infantry, and the

German armored forces were unable to cross the strait because the solid pontoon bridge had not yet been built. In that case, it is their perfect opportunity.

Omar? Bradley Lieutenant General's waiting, and soon saw what he hoped to see.

By noon, the German army crossing the strait already had two infantry divisions. Including the previous two marine divisions, the total strength is more than 70,000. However, a large number of heavy artillery, tanks and armored vehicles are still stranded on the northern shore of the strait.

At this time, Lieutenant General Omar Bradley decisively issued an order to attack.

"Boom! Boom! Boom!"

Hundreds of cannons from the U.S. military began shelling, including 203mm heavy howitzers and 155mm heavy howitzers.

The German air search radar also discovered that a large number of U.S. Army Air Force fighter planes appeared in the sky. This forced the Luftwaffe and Navy to scramble fighter jets to meet the enemy. Naturally, it will be impossible to provide air support to the ground troops in a short while.

"Boom! Boom!"

The shell exploded on the beach, and the German troops who had just crossed the Canso Strait and had not had time to hide suffered heavy losses under the fierce shelling of the US military.

A shell fell into the middle of the strait, splashing jets of soaring water.

A large-caliber artillery shell hits a floating bridge. In the violent explosion, a long section of the pontoon bridge was blown off. Even a lot of German soldiers fell into the sea.

The sudden and violent counterattack of the US military put the German army into a passive position for a while. In particular, the tens of thousands of German troops who had crossed the Canso Strait had to enter defensive positions immediately.

However, these German troops lack heavy weapons and rely heavily on the fire support of the German troops across the strait.

In the sky, fighter planes of the German Air Force and Navy are fighting with fighter planes of the US Army Air Forces. Although, the fighters of the Luftwaffe and Navy completely suppressed the US Army Air Forces. But at this time, they could not allow dive bombers and ground attack aircraft to enter the battlefield. Otherwise, those bombers that move more slowly may become the prey of the fighter jets of the US military.

"Your Excellency Marshal, the Americans really launched a counterattack. They mobilized hundreds of heavy artillery pieces and are shelling the troops crossing the strait. Many pontoon bridges on the strait were also destroyed. In addition, the Americans also dispatched two Hundreds of fighter jets provide air cover for their ground forces. Our air force and navy are engaging them. But neither dive bombers nor ground attack aircraft can enter the battlefield until these American fighter jets are completely driven away." Kuo Lieutenant General Walter reported.

Marshal Bromberg frowned tightly: "It seems that the American counterattack is faster and more violent than I expected! The troops crossing the strait are ordered to resist the United States no matter what. Human attack. Reinforcements will be on their way soon!"

"Yes, Marshal." Lieutenant General Kurt nodded. He also knew that it was now a critical moment.

"Boom! Boom! Boom!"

U.S. artillery fire soon began to extend to the deep positions of the German army. Even crossed the strait and began to attack the German positions on the other side of the strait. Especially those large-caliber heavy artillery, the range can completely cover the northern shore of the strait.

However, the German army obviously will not sit still. The German army has more artillery than the American army. After the U.S. artillery fire began to rage, they responded immediately and began to counterattack the U.S. military.

In terms of artillery strength alone, although the U.S. military is strong, the German army is not weak either. Even, because of the performance of the artillery, the German army can still occupy some advantages.

But the U.S. military's counterattack is more than just that.

Soon, the U.S. Army's 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division were put into the offensive.

Hundreds of American tanks and a large number of armored vehicles formed a torrent of steel and rushed towards the German positions.

Chapter 1692

"Attack, crush those damned Germans. Let them know that they are not the only ones in the world who have tanks and armored troops. The American armored forces are no less inferior to them!" Major General Smith, the commander of the US 1st Armored Division, roared loudly with.

The US 1st Armored Division is a heavy armored division with two tank regiments and an armored infantry regiment. Among them, each tank regiment has three tank battalions, the first battalion is a light tank battalion, and the second and third battalions are medium or heavy tank battalions. As the first armored division formed by the U.S. Army, the U.S. 1st Armored Division is the main force among all armored forces. The entire 1st Armored Division is equipped with a total of 158 M5 light tanks, 232 M26 heavy tanks, and a large number of armored vehicles, half-track vehicles and trucks. The entire armored division, a total of 15,000 people.

Although, it is inferior to an armored division of the German army in terms of strength. However, in terms of the number of tanks equipped, there are not many at all. It's just that, except for the reconnaissance units equipped with light tanks, the German armored units are equipped with heavy tanks and medium tanks. And in terms of performance, it is completely capable of crushing these tanks equipped by the US military.

However, in front of infantry, the US armored forces are undoubtedly very powerful. In particular, the M26 heavy tank developed by the U.S. military has stepped up. It weighs 42 tons, has thick armor, and a 90mm tank gun. Its performance is very good and it can already rival the German "Black Panther" tank. Of course, in front of the 'Tiger' tank, it was even worse. As for the more powerful "Tiger King" tank, it can easily tear the M26 tank into pieces.

Hundreds of tanks, followed by a large number of armored vehicles, formed a torrent of steel and rushed directly to the beach.

"Shit! The Americans have secretly assembled a huge armored force. How can we fight this battle?" Major General Cavin, the commander of the 6th Division of the Marine Corps, became livid when he learned that the US armored force launched an attack.

"Order our amphibious tanks and prepare for the battle. Anti-tank guns and bazookas are deployed. It's time to go all out." Major General Cavin ordered.

"Yes, General." The officer immediately turned around and gave the order.

"Notify the 4th Infantry Division that we are in big * trouble. We need their reinforcements." Major General Cavin then ordered.

The 4th Infantry Division is the 4th Infantry Division of the German Army that arrived in the south of the Canso Strait via a pontoon bridge. It's just that their heavy equipment hasn't landed yet. This severely limited the combat effectiveness of this infantry division.

"Boom! Boom!"

The U.S. armored forces were hit by intensive German artillery fire. The German artillery deployed in the north of the Canso Strait was fully fired. On the one hand, they deployed some artillery fire to suppress the US artillery, and some artillery began to pour firepower on the US armored forces.

Although, using howitzers to attack armored units, the hit rate is not high. However, these howitzers have a large caliber and are very powerful. Once hit, the US tanks can't resist it. Especially those heavy howitzers with a caliber of 210 mm. If a single shell hits, it is enough to blow up an M26 heavy tank into a pile of parts.

"Boom!"

A 150mm shell hits an M26 heavy tank. This 42-ton tank was destroyed on the spot and became a pile of burning scrap iron.

The shells in the sky kept falling, and tanks were constantly hit.

A 210mm artillery shell hit the ground, leaving a huge crater. Although there were no tanks that could directly hit the US military, the shock wave generated overturned two M5 light tanks.

"Bastard, speed up. After rushing into the German position, the German artillery fire will have nothing to do with us!" Major General Smith ordered with a livid face.

The heavy artillery fire of the German army has already caused them to lose a lot of tanks. Although this may be insignificant compared to the hundreds of tanks owned by the 1st Armored

Division. But for the morale of the troops, it will have a great impact. After all, although the US 1st Armored Division is very strong, this is their first time on the battlefield after all.

"Anti-tank gun, fire!"

A 75mm anti-tank gun on the German position opened fire.

"Boom!"

The armor-piercing projectile slammed into the front armor of an M26 tank. The 120 mm thick frontal armor of the tank was penetrated, and a bullet hole the size of a fist appeared. The tank soldiers inside were even killed by fragments.

"At 1 o'clock, a German anti-tank gun, destroy them!" An M26 tank of the US military detected the threat and launched an attack decisively.

"Boom!"

The artillery shell roared and flew out of the barrel, and hit the German anti-tank gun in the blink of an eye.

During the explosion, the German anti-tank gun was blown into a pile of parts. Anti-tank artillery was also killed.

Although the German anti-tank firepower is not weak, in addition to the 75mm anti-tank guns, even the 88mm anti-aircraft guns for air defense have also joined in. These 88mm anti-aircraft guns are very powerful. Even the M26 heavy tank of the US military, once hit, will be easily smashed into a pile of scrap iron.

However, although the German anti-tank firepower destroyed many American tanks. But compared to the hundreds of tanks invested by the US military, the German anti-tank firepower is still too little. Under the impact of the US armored forces, many anti-tank guns were destroyed.

In a foxhole, two soldiers are ambushing here. A soldier carries a bazooka on his shoulder.

"The American tanks are less than fifty meters away from us and can fire."

"Phew!"

A rocket flew towards a US tank.

"Boom!"

The side of the tank was hit, and the metal jet produced by the explosion of the armorpiercing warhead penetrated the weak armor on the side of the tank. The tank soldiers inside were also killed on the spot. After losing control, the tank stopped directly.

"Get out of here!"

After a successful blow, the German soldiers fled the foxhole in a rolling and crawling manner.

As soon as they left here, the foxhole was hit by machine gun bullets from the US army and dusted up.

"Da da da!"

A heavy machine gun on the German position was firing, and the dense machine gun bullets hit the American tank, shooting sparks one by one. Occasionally, bullets hit the American infantrymen who were moving behind the tanks, causing them to howl.

"Boom!"

An M5 light tank of the US military opened fire, and the shells fired by the 37mm tank gun easily tore the firepower of the heavy machine gun into pieces.

Under the impact of the US armored forces, the German defense line is in jeopardy. The German army on the south bank of the Canso Strait also fell into a tragic **** battle.

Chapter 1693

"Your Excellency Marshal, the American armored forces have been dispatched. Judging from the serial numbers that appear, the Americans have invested in an armored division and two mechanized infantry divisions. There are more than 500 tanks dispatched. The troops on the front line fought very well. It is difficult and the loss is great." Lieutenant General Coulter reported.

Marshal Bromberg frowned tightly. The strength of the counterattack launched by the Americans made him somewhat unexpected.

"Can the troops on the front line withstand the American attack?" Marshal Bromberg asked.

"General, our armored forces cannot reach the southern part of the Canso Strait, and there is no way to reinforce them. It is very difficult to resist the attack of the American armored forces." Lieutenant General Coulter reported.

"Let the Air Force and Navy find a way to dispatch bombers and kill the American tanks!" Marshal Bromberg ordered.

"Yes, General." Lieutenant General Coulter replied.

When one's own armored forces are unable to participate in the battle, they can only count on the air force. The Air Force's dive bombers and ground attack aircraft can easily deal with American tanks. It's just that the American fighter jets posed a great threat to the German dive bombers and ground attack aircraft.

Fortunately, in the air battle between the two sides, as the German army invested more and more fighter jets, the U.S. Army Air Force was about to be unable to hold on. In this case, the bombers of the Luftwaffe and Navy will soon be able to enter the battlefield.

"In addition, let the 4th and 5th Divisions of the Marine Corps go out. The 1st Armored Division, the 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and the 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division are ready to attack. Since the Americans have prepared such a powerful counterattack, how can we Let go of these delicacies delivered to your door?" Marshal Bromberg said with a smile.

"Yes, Marshal, I will immediately let the 4th and 5th Divisions of the Marine Corps do it!" Lieutenant General Coulter said.

In fact, the direction of the Canso Strait is not the main landing direction of the German army. On the contrary, the port of Buche in the west of the Canso Strait is the goal of the German army. Although the port there is not big, if the raid is successful, the German armored forces can use such a port and disembark quickly. By then, the German armored forces will be enough to make the Americans pay for it.

It's just that in order to prevent the Americans from being on guard, the German army launched a fierce attack on Aldous and Mulgrave. The purpose is to confuse the US military. Now, the US military has devoted its main force to the German offensive on the south bank of the Canso Strait. It can be seen that the Americans have been fooled.

The German army is about to launch a more fatal blow to the US military.

On the south bank of the Canso Strait, fierce fighting continues. Relying on the powerful armored forces of the U.S. Army, the German army suffered heavy losses. The first line of defense had been breached by the US military, forcing the Germans to retreat to the second line of defense. This line of defense is only a few hundred meters away from the Canso Strait. If this line of defense can no longer be defended, they will be driven into the sea by the Americans. Therefore, the German army can be regarded as having no way out.

"Haha, continue to attack and drive all those Germans into the sea to feed the fish!" Lieutenant General Smith, the commander of the US 1st Armored Division, was full of spirit. It's just that he didn't seem to realize that the fighter planes of the U.S. Army Air Forces that provided air cover for the U.S. Army had suffered heavy losses. The remaining fighters have all been driven away.

And German dive bombers and ground attack aircraft are taking off from the airport in Newfoundland. The aircraft carrier formation on the sea is also taking off dive bombers. These dive bombers will pose a deadly threat to the armored forces of the US military.

However, the armed helicopters equipped by the German Marine Corps arrived on the battlefield first.

Although, the number of armed helicopters appearing on the battlefield is only a few dozen. However, they dealt a heavy blow to the US armored forces.

"Shhhhh!"

A gunship opens fire on an M26 heavy tank. The rockets roared and hit the tank.

Though, the armor of the tank is thick. But not every armor is very strong.

The thickest part of the armor of the tank is concentrated in the front of the tank. The side and rear armor is very weak. Especially the top of the tank has only a very thin layer of armor. The rockets fired by the German armed helicopters can easily destroy it.

The rocket penetrated the armor on the top of the tank, and the tank soldiers inside were killed instantly.

Under the attack of the German armed helicopters, one after another American tanks were shot into fireballs.

If the M26 heavy tanks of the US military can barely withstand the attack of the German armed helicopters, those M5 light tanks are completely vulnerable. The rockets of these armed helicopters of the German army are enough to easily tear these M5 light tanks into pieces.

"Asshole, fire and shoot down these planes of the Germans!"

Faced with the German armed helicopter attack, the U.S. armored forces chose to fight back. It's just that it's not so easy for tank guns to hit those helicopters. The speed of a helicopter is much faster than that of a tank turret. Before the tank could react, it had already been hit.

The machine gun of the tank can destroy those gunships. However, it is not so easy for the machine gun on the tank to shoot into the air.

The emergence of German armed helicopters has curbed the attack of the US armored forces.

When a large number of German dive bombers and ground attack aircraft rushed to the battlefield, the end of the US armored forces came.

US tanks, whether heavy tanks or light tanks, cannot withstand the tanks dropped by the German dive bombers and ground attack aircraft. Although, the US air defense forces immediately counterattacked. But still can't save the situation.

A large number of US tanks were blown into scrap iron.

In the case of heavy losses, the attack of the US armored forces was also frustrated.

At two o'clock in the afternoon, the 4th and 5th Divisions of the German Marine Corps dispatched two hundred helicopters to attack the Port of Bucher. The helicopters skimmed the sea and were not detected by air search radar.

Before the U.S. troops stationed in Bucher Port reacted, dozens of German armed helicopters attacked them, and the U.S. troops were defeated.

While general-purpose helicopters and transport helicopters landed, the two battalions of marines successfully landed. With the assistance of the helicopters, the U.S. troops were unable to resist.

Subsequently, a large number of marines in landing craft landed, which further aggravated the failure of the US military.

Just an hour later, Port Boucher fell into the hands of the Germans.

The German tank landing ship, which had been waiting on the sea for a long time, sent the German armored troops to the port of Boucher.

Chapter 1694

Boucher Port, the German marines who landed are chasing the US defenders here. Although, the first to land were troops without heavy equipment. However, with the fire support of helicopters and Air Force fighters, they still fought against the US military and retreated steadily, vulnerable to a single blow.

In the port, the transport ship of the German Marine Corps is transporting a large number of personnel and equipment ashore. At the same time, the 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division, and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division of the German Army's 1st Army were also coming ashore. In order to send tanks and armored vehicles of the armored and mechanized units ashore, the German army specially mobilized a large number of tank landing ships.

According to the current speed, it is estimated that at noon tomorrow, that is, at noon on December 12, the German 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division will be able to all go ashore. At that time, two marine divisions will be responsible for defending Buscher Harbor and blocking the American and British coalition forces coming from the direction of New Glasgow. The German 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division are attacking the Canso Strait, cooperating with other troops of the 1st Army to encircle and annihilate the US 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division. The infantry division wiped out all the most elite armored units under the US First Army in one fell swoop.

New Glasgow, the headquarters of the US First Army. Now, the atmosphere in the headquarters is a little dignified. When the US armored forces launched an attack, everyone cheered, thinking that the German army was about to be crushed.

However, when the German army dispatched a large number of armed helicopters and bombers to slaughter the U.S. armored forces, the officers in the entire headquarters were all mournful.

"General, General Smith requested a retreat. The 1st Armored Division lost more than a hundred tanks. The 1st Mechanized Rifle Division and the 2nd Mechanized Rifle Division also suffered a lot. Also, the 1st Heavy Artillery Brigade was bombed by the Luftwaffe, lost more than half of the heavy artillery." Major General Thomas reported.

Lieutenant General Omar Bradley's face was as dark as the bottom of a pot. He did not expect such a change in the originally smooth battle.

"Let General Smith suspend the attack temporarily, gather the troops, reorganize and attack again! This time, we must drive the Germans into the sea. Otherwise, we will not be able to prevent the Germans from landing on the Nova Scotia peninsula. Once the Germans have established themselves on the Nova Scotia peninsula, it will be impossible to push them down," Lt. Gen. Omar Bradley said.

"Yes, General. However, our armored forces lack anti-aircraft firepower. In the face of German helicopters and bombers, the losses will be very large." Major General Thomas reminded.

If their armored forces are allowed to attack against the German air attack. I'm afraid it won't be long before their armored forces will be slaughtered by German helicopters and bombers.

"I immediately called the Army Air Corps and asked them to continue to provide us with air cover." Lieutenant General Omar Bradley said.

The U.S. Army Air Forces suffered a lot of losses in today's battle. But after receiving a rescue call from Lieutenant General Omar Bradley himself, they had no choice but to promise to continue sending fighter jets to provide them with air cover.

"Tell General Smith that we have no time, and we must drive all the Germans into the sea before dark!" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley issued a stern order.

However, when the US armored forces had just resumed their offensive, Lieutenant General Omar Bradley once again received bad news.

"General, the Germans launched a raid on the Port of Bucher with the Marines. They launched a raid with a large number of helicopters and landing craft. Our defenders there were not able to resist. Now, the Port of Bucher has fallen to the Germans. It is under control." Major General Thomas reported.

"What? How could this happen?" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley was stunned for a moment.

Bucher Port fell into the hands of the German army, which means that their left wing was completely exposed.

"Damn it, organize your troops immediately and take back Port Bucher!" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley ordered.

Before, the U.S. military had an infantry division in Port Bucher, but as the battle in the Canso Strait became more intense, the U.S. military deployed a large number of troops from Port Bucher to reinforce the front line. Only one infantry regiment remained in Port Boucher. Now, they finally tasted the bitter fruit.

"Yes, General." Major General Thomas immediately went to convey the order.

It's just that, after the Port of Bucher has fallen into the hands of the German army, it is almost impossible for the US military to retake the Port of Bucher. As the German troops landed in large numbers, the U.S. troops were beaten back steadily. Port Bucher will never return to the hands of the US military.

Similarly, the attack launched by the US armored forces was once again repelled. Although the U.S. Army Air Force once again dispatched nearly two hundred fighters to provide air cover for the attack of the ground forces. But as soon as they arrived on the battlefield, they were beaten up by the TA-152 fleet of the Luftwaffe waiting here.

Soon, the fighter group of the US Army Air Forces suffered heavy losses. The remaining fighter planes were driven all over the sky by the German fleet. There was simply no way to provide cover to troops on the ground.

The dive bombers and ground attack aircraft of the German Air Force, the dive bombers of the German Navy, and the helicopters of the German Marine Corps all took the opportunity to enter the battlefield and launched a fierce attack on the US armored forces.

One after another tanks and armored vehicles were blown up into a pile of scrap metal. Countless American soldiers were killed in the battle, and their bodies were scattered everywhere.

"Oh my God! Where did those sons of **** of the Air Force die?" A US tank commander watched a tank next to him being blown into scrap metal, filled with horror.

"Those **** have been kicked out by the German air force, and there is no way they are supporting us."

"Bastard, you can't fight anymore, turn around quickly. Otherwise, we will all die here!"

Although the U.S. Army is well-equipped and well-trained. However, after all, they were on the battlefield for the first time and lacked combat experience. Especially after a large loss, the morale of the troops will drop to the bottom, and they will not have the courage to continue fighting. This made it very easy for the U.S. military to collapse after suffering a heavy blow.

The US 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division, and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division gave up their offensive at 4 pm on December 11 and routed into the forest.

Chapter 1695

"General, the 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division suffered heavy losses, and the troops were on the verge of collapse. General Smith had no choice but to order the troops to retreat and withdraw from the battle. Now, the troops hid in the forest to avoid Attacked by the Luftwaffe and bombers and helicopters," Maj. Gen. Thomas reported.

Lieutenant General Omar Bradley looked very ugly. What was originally thought to be a good victory turned out to be like this. Such a result made him a little unbelievable.

"How much power do they have, General Smith?" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley asked.

"General, the 1st Armored Division still has less than half of its tanks. The 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and the 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division have also lost 30 percent." Major General Thomas was worried.

"Oh!" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley couldn't help but sighed.

The losses of the troops are very large, and because of the lack of combat experience, they are now on the verge of collapse. If it were the elite troops of the German army, they might be able to continue fighting. But what about the US military? I'm afraid it will be very difficult.

"Where's Port Buschet? Have we regained it?" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley asked.

"General, we were stopped by the German army on the outskirts of Bucher Port. The Germans assembled a large amount of transport capacity to transport troops to Bucher Port. This made them have already assembled a large army in Bucher Port. Moreover, the German army still has a fleet. The offshore activities of Buchet Port provide fire support for their ground troops. This caused our troops to suffer a lot in the battle to attack Buchet Port. If we want to take back Buchet Port, I am afraid we will have to pay a higher price." Thomas said the major general.

Bad news is everywhere, which makes Lieutenant General Omar Bradley very headache.

"General, according to the information we have obtained, the main force of the German army will land in Port Bucher. But now, we probably have no power to stop them." Major General Thomas continued.

The troops under the US 1st Army include 1 armored division, 2 mechanized infantry divisions and 8 infantry divisions. But in the Canso Strait, the U.S. military dispatched their armored division, two mechanized infantry divisions, and two infantry divisions nearby. In addition, there is an infantry division of the US military in Port Bucher. Now there are only 5 infantry divisions in the US 1st Army that can be mobilized. However, even if all five infantry divisions are sent to the front line, it may not be effective.

"Let the British deploy troops to reinforce us!" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley ordered.

On the Nova Scotia peninsula, apart from the US 1st Army, there are only 1 British armored division and 10 infantry divisions.

"General, the British army may not be able to deploy many troops to reinforce us. German fleets frequently appear in the east of the Nova Scotia peninsula, as if they are about to open up a landing field. The pressure from General Harold Alexander is also the same. Very big," Major General Thomas said.

Lieutenant General Omar Bradley couldn't help frowning tightly together. They seem to have a lot of troops, but if they are scattered on the Nova Scotia peninsula, there are loopholes everywhere. Especially when the US military's counterattack was contained and suffered heavy losses, this made their troops even more insufficient.

"Forget it, I will send a telegram to the staff, requesting to send more troops to reinforce us!" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley said.

Unable to count on the British, he can only find a way on his own. Fortunately, the strength of the US Army is still very sufficient. The 2nd Army has been deployed in New Brunswick. The 3rd and 4th armies are also coming soon. When these troops arrive, the number of U.S. troops fighting in Canada will reach 4 group armies, with more than 800,000 people.

Admiral Marshall immediately held an emergency meeting after receiving a telegram from Lieutenant General Omar Bradley. The generals of the General Staff expressed their opinions on this

"General, is the gap between us and the Germans really that big? This is only the first day, and the 1st Army can't hold it? If this continues, how can we continue to fight the Germans? Think It is wishful thinking to defeat the Germans." Lieutenant General Joseph McNerney, the deputy chief of staff, looked ugly.

"There is no way around it. We don't have air dominance now, let alone sea dominance. When the Germans attack, they can get a large number of carrier-based aircraft and fleet fire support. Even the Germans' weapons and equipment are far better than ours. Advanced. Among other things, the several types of helicopters that the Germans have put on the battlefield have greatly exceeded our expectations. Although we have already developed these helicopters, we have only produced them now. It's just a sample. It will take a long time to pass the test and go into mass production. In addition, the troops that the Germans put into the offensive are far more powerful than the 1st Army. Therefore, the 1st Army will It is also understandable that it could not survive the fierce attack of China." Major General Eisenhower said.

Admiral Marshall frowned. The situation in the Canadian battlefield is very unfavorable to the US military.

"Gentlemen, shall we agree to General Bradley's request?" Admiral Marshall asked.

"Your Excellency the Chief of Staff, there seems to be no other way for us than to agree to General Bradley's request. If there are no reinforcements, they will be defeated by the Germans in no time and lose the Nova Scotia peninsula. As General Bradley said that if the Germans completely occupy the Nova Scotia Peninsula, it will be even more difficult to drive them into the sea. Even the Germans will occupy more areas in one fell swoop ." Another general of the U.S. Army also said.

Admiral Marshall nodded: "Then, we will transfer the 2nd Army to the Nova Scotia Peninsula to reinforce the 1st Army. Let the 3rd Army and the 4th Army speed up and take over the defense of New Brunswick as soon as possible."

"Your Excellency, Chief of Staff, in addition to the 2nd Army, the British also need to deploy troops into the Nova Scotia peninsula. In this way, there will be enough troops to fight against the Germans!" Major General Eisenhower said.

Admiral Marshall adopted this suggestion.

Subsequently, the U.S. Army General Staff issued an order that the U.S. Second Army immediately entered the Nova Scotia Peninsula to reinforce the U.S. troops there. At the same time, the US military also made a request to the British Army, hoping that they would also send additional troops into the Nova Scotia peninsula. The British Army had no choice but to deploy troops from New Brunswick to reinforce the Nova Scotia peninsula.

Chapter 1696

The 2nd Army of the U.S. Army had already stationed in New Brunswick, and together with the British Army stationed here, it shouldered the defensive task of this area. However, following the order of the Army General Staff, the entire Second Army of the United States Army began to move towards Nova Scotia by road and rail.

Acting with the US 2nd Army, there are also 10 infantry divisions and an armored division of the British Army.

Once these US-British coalition forces enter the Nova Scotia Peninsula, the strength of the US-British coalition forces will be greatly increased. The total strength of the US and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia peninsula reached more than 700,000. This is undoubtedly a very large number of troops. You know, the entire Nova Scotia Peninsula is only more than 40,000 square kilometers. Gathering hundreds of thousands of troops in such a small area is undoubtedly very dense.

The arrival of reinforcements made Lieutenant General Omar Bradley full of confidence. He began to mobilize the troops on the Nova Scotia Peninsula and marched towards the Canso Strait, preparing to besiege the German troops who landed.

Not only the remaining five infantry divisions of the US Army's 1st Army began to attack. Even the British troops stationed on the peninsula began to move. In particular, the 8th Armored Division of the British Army has become the main force. Lieutenant General Omar Bradley hopes that this armored division can be put into the battle of the Canso Strait to assist the 1st Armored Division of the US Army against the Germans.

As if the German army was not affected by the increase in US troops, it is still sending additional troops to the Nova Scotia peninsula according to the scheduled plan.

The German 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division landed in Port Boucher. Several infantry divisions under the German 1st Army are also methodically landing on the Nova Scotia peninsula through the pontoon bridge built by engineers on the Canso Strait. Especially after the engineers began to build solid pontoon bridges on the strait that could pass trucks, armored vehicles and heavy artillery, it enabled the German army's heavy equipment to cross the strait. This greatly increased the strength of the German army on the southern shore of the strait. Even if it encounters the onslaught of the US armored forces, it can hold on. Of course, can the US armored forces that have suffered heavy losses continue to attack?

Cape Breton Island, Sydney, the headquarters of the German 1st Army Group.

"Your Excellency, Marshal, the reconnaissance plane discovered that the US 2nd Army stationed in New Brunswick and a large number of British troops have begun to march towards the Nova Scotia Peninsula." Lieutenant General Coulter looked excited.

"Very well, it seems that the Americans have decided to continue to increase their troops after being beaten on the Nova Scotia peninsula. And isn't this what we want to see? If these Americans and the British don't unite, how can we Take them all away?" Marshal Bromberg smiled.

"Yes, Your Excellency Marshal. According to the progress of the US-British coalition forces, they will all enter the Nova Scotia Peninsula in at most three days." Lieutenant General Coulter continued.

Marshal Bromberg nodded: "Then let the 4th Army get ready, and they will launch an attack on December 17. This time, we will take the hundreds of thousands of U.S. and British troops on the Nova Scotia Peninsula in one fell swoop. The coalition forces will eat them all. Let them know that if they want to fight us, they must be prepared to suffer failure!"

"Yes, Your Excellency the Marshal."

The German army had already been prepared, although when crossing the Canso Strait, the German 4th Army dispatched artillery to provide fire support for the landing troops. But in fact, the main force of the 4th Army has all assembled in the west of Cape Breton Island. Once the order was given, they would land at Port Elgin on the Nova Scotia peninsula with the assistance of marines, and then attack south to take Sackville. And based on these two cities, a 20-kilometer-long defense line was built to completely surround the American and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia peninsula. Then invest in the follow-up 10th Army, and the newly formed 25th Army and 26th Army to wipe out all the American and British coalition forces in the encirclement.

Even if the strength of the U.S. Army has expanded to more than five million. Once the two main group armies are annihilated by the German army, it can also deal a heavy blow to the US military. The most important thing is that it will cause a great blow to the morale of the US military. Even the entire American society will be frightened by this. This will be very beneficial to Germany's next defeat of the US military.

On the afternoon of December 12, the German 1st Armored Division, 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division had completed the landing.

Immediately afterwards, these troops launched an attack on the U.S. troops stationed outside the Port of Buscher, preparing to block the German troops.

Facing the torrent of steel composed of hundreds of tanks and a large number of armored vehicles of the German army, the two infantry divisions of the US military could not bear it at all. Even if they are equipped with a lot of anti-tank guns and rocket launchers. However, the defense of the existing Tiger and Leopard tanks is very strong, and the anti-tank guns with small calibers can't move at all. At the same time, these anti-tank firepower points will also be attacked by bombers of the Luftwaffe. The German helicopter unit will also hover over the armored units to provide cover for the armored units.

Under the fierce attack of the German armored forces, in just two hours, the two US infantry divisions were defeated. Not only tens of thousands of people were captured, but the rest were also scattered. This further exacerbated the deterioration of the US military's war situation on the Nova Scotia peninsula.

"General, the Germans have launched an attack. The 9th and 10th Infantry Divisions have been routed and suffered heavy losses. Now, the German armored forces have begun to march towards the Canso Strait. Our armored forces have been severely damaged. For the time being I'm afraid it won't be able to fight against the German armored forces." Major General Thomas reminded.

Lieutenant General Omar Bradley looked gloomy. Although he believed that the combat effectiveness of the US military was no worse than that of the German army. But he also has a little self-knowledge. If the armored forces of the two sides confronted each other in their heyday, the US armored forces would undoubtedly be at a disadvantage. Now, the armored forces of the US military have suffered heavy losses, and they have no capital to confront the Germans. If the two sides encounter each other, there may only be one result, that is, the US armored forces will be completely annihilated.

"Order the 1st Armored Division, the 1st Mechanized Infantry Division and the 2nd Mechanized Infantry Division to retreat immediately. In addition, let the 2nd Army speed up. The Germans have begun to counterattack, and we need greater strength to withstand their offensive." Lieutenant General Omar Bradley ordered.

"Yes, General."

As the battle situation on the Nova Scotia Peninsula became more and more tense, the U.S. Second Army and a large number of British troops had to speed up their march. And this is clearly rushing to die.

Chapter 1697

The active retreat of the U.S. Army allowed the German 1st Army to cross the Canso Strait without any worries. By December 16, the German 1st Army had all crossed the Canso Strait and landed on the Nova Scotia Peninsula.

Moreover, the German 10th Army also began to land. This made the U.S. military dare not act rashly even if it began to increase its troops to the Nova Scotia Peninsula. After all, if the

German army is in a defensive position, its firepower advantage will be very obvious. If they launch an attack without being fully prepared, they will only suffer greater losses.

In the early morning of December 17, a fleet of the German Navy entered the Northumberland Strait covering a large fleet. This strait is located between the Nova Scotia Peninsula and Prince Edward Island.

Although the British army still deployed some troops on Prince Edward Island, the British army also began to withdraw its troops from Prince Edward Island as the war on the Nova Scotia peninsula became more and more unfavorable. Now, there are not many troops left on the island. Many military facilities were also destroyed in previous German bombings. This made the German Navy not worry about being threatened after entering the Northumberland Strait.

At the same time, because a large number of sea search radars were destroyed, the US and British coalition forces failed to discover the fleet in time.

It was 7 o'clock in the morning, and the sky was still gray. Thousands of landing craft suddenly appeared on the sea. These landing craft are densely packed, almost covering the entire sea area. The landing craft accelerated towards the beach.

In the sky above these landing craft, there are hundreds of helicopters. These helicopters are all armed helicopters with rocket launchers attached. They will be responsible for providing fire support to the landing Marines.

At the same time, the main guns of the German Navy's warships on the sea have also raised their barrels, ready to launch shelling on the coast at any time.

At the airfield of the German Air Force in Newfoundland and the aircraft carrier of the German Navy, fighter jets and bombers have already begun to take off. They would provide air cover and support for the Germans' capture of Port Elgin.

According to the intelligence previously obtained by the German army, the US and British coalition forces did not leave many troops in Port Elgin. In other words, because of the intensification of the fighting on the Nova Scotia peninsula, the attention of the US and British coalition forces has been attracted, so that they did not care about this port.

On the other hand, it is probably that this port is located in the Northumberland Strait, which can be regarded as completely under their control. The US and British allied forces did not expect that the German army would be so bold that they would directly enter the strait and launch an attack on this port.

When the defenders of the US-British coalition forces stationed in Port Elgin discovered that a large number of landing craft were about to rush onto the beach, and a large number of helicopters appeared in the sky, it was already too late.

Although they issued an alarm immediately, the American and British coalition forces stationed here were ready to fight. But it was only an infantry brigade of the British Army who stayed here. With more than 3,000 people in the brigade, how could it be possible to deal with a marine division of the German army? Especially the Marine Division with strong fire support.

"Shhhhhh!"

Hundreds of armed helicopters flew to the beach first and rained bullets on the British positions.

Rockets roared past one after another, and the position of the British army was completely covered by a sea of flames. A large number of fortifications were destroyed in the explosion.

Some British troops tried to fight back, but to no avail, they were killed by German armed helicopters with powerful firepower.

When more and more landing craft washed up on the beach, the heavily armed German marines began to join the battle. This landing battle can already come to an end with the victory of the German army.

"Boom!"

A heavy aerial bomb weighing 500 kilograms hit a stubbornly resisting position of the British army. A violent explosion sounded, leaving a huge crater on the ground. Many British soldiers were torn to pieces, and the firepower points were also blown up. More British soldiers were so frightened that they turned around and fled the position.

The German Marine Corps' attack on Port Elgin went very smoothly. In just half an hour, an infantry brigade of the British army stationed here was defeated. Even, they didn't even have time to blow up the port.

At 8 o'clock in the morning, before the sun jumped out of the horizon, Port Elgin had already fallen into the hands of the German army. The heavy equipment of the 3rd Division of the German Marine Corps began to disembark quickly using the facilities in the port. The entire 3rd Division of the Marine Corps needs to improve the defense here as soon as possible to prevent the counterattack of the US and British coalition forces.

At the same time, the 4th Armored Division, 31st Mechanized Infantry Division, 32nd Mechanized Infantry Division, and a large number of follow-up infantrymen of the German Army's 4th Army, which had been waiting at sea, also began to disembark one after another.

The German army must not only occupy Port Elgin, but also advance 20 kilometers south to occupy Sackville. Only in this way can they completely encircle the American and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia peninsula.

In fact, the 3rd Division of the German Marine Corps has already begun to attack. After their amphibious tank battalion landed, they led a regiment to advance south along the road.

The U.S. and British coalition forces also did not deploy any troops on the front line from Sackville to Port Elgin. This made the German attack almost like entering no man's land.

At 9 o'clock in the morning, the German army had already launched an attack on Sackville. The troops stationed here are only an infantry battalion of the British Army. Also, they lack heavy weapons, especially anti-tank weapons.

Even if the performance of the German amphibious tanks is not very good. But dealing with these British troops without anti-tank weapons is still easy.

After a large number of British soldiers saw the German tanks charging, they were frightened.

Some British soldiers decisively put down their weapons and surrendered to the Germans. Many British soldiers left their positions and fled to New Brunswick. No one fled to Nova Scotia. Perhaps they also knew that after Sackville also fell into the hands of the German army, the Nova Scotia peninsula had fallen into the siege of the German army. The hundreds of thousands of American and British coalition forces on the peninsula have become the pinnacles of the Germans. The end result will be obvious. If they fled there, they would be waiting to die.

After the German army captured Port Elgin and Sackville, a large number of troops landed from Port Elgin. Then start to build the defense line and prepare to complete the encirclement. Completely surround the US and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia Peninsula, and then annihilate them. In order to gain an advantage on the battlefield in the northeast of the North American continent, prepare for the next battle.

Chapter 1698

The German army suddenly launched a landing operation to Port Elgin and occupied the port in just one hour. Even Sackville, 20 kilometers away, was captured two hours later. Such a speed is completely beyond the imagination of the US and British coalition forces. At the same time, the military operation of the German army this time was completely beyond the imagination of the US and British coalition forces.

New Glasgow, Lieutenant General Omar Bradley, commander of the US First Army, Lieutenant General Lloyd Fredendell, commander of the Second Army, and Lieutenant General Harold Alexander of the British Army and Gerald Lieutenant General De Temple is discussing the next combat plan.

The troops originally deployed by the British Army on the Nova Scotia Peninsula are becoming the 9th Army of the British Army, with Lieutenant General Harold Alexander as the commander. Reinforcements from New Brunswick formed the British Tenth Army, commanded by Lieutenant General Temple of Girard. It can be said that on the Nova Scotia peninsula, the US-British coalition forces are completely strong.

"Gentlemen, the Germans are frantically sending additional troops to the Nova Scotia Peninsula. According to the information we have obtained, their 1st Army has completely crossed the Canso Strait and landed on the Nova Scotia Peninsula. The German army The 10th Army will be the second army to land on the Nova Scotia peninsula. Even, they will continue to send more troops to the Nova Scotia peninsula. We can't let the Germans be so unscrupulous again We have sent troops to the Nova Scotia peninsula. In that case, we will gradually lose our advantage. Therefore, we should take advantage of the opportunity to attack the German army before the main force of the German army has landed on the Nova Scotia peninsula, and defeat them in one fell swoop." Omar Lieutenant General Bradley suggested.

"Yes, with our current strength, if we attack with all our strength, it is entirely possible to defeat the German army." Lieutenant General Lloyd Fredendell immediately echoed.

But Harold? Alexander lieutenant general and Gerald? Temple lieutenant general did not answer immediately. Before the US 1st Army was attacked by the German 1st Army, it suffered heavy losses. Now, continue to attack, can they have a chance of winning?

"The Germans are well prepared on the southern shore of the Canso Strait. At the same time, they can receive a lot of support from the sea and the air. Under such circumstances, if we take the initiative to attack, it may be difficult to defeat the Germans, and we will suffer a lot of losses." Lieutenant General Hadro Alexander said with some concern.

"Yes, if you want to fight the Germans, it is best to stay away from the coast. In this case, their firepower advantage will be greatly reduced." Lieutenant General Gerald Temple also said.

"Gentlemen, the Germans' superiority in firepower is indeed very strong. However, if we continue to wait, we will only watch helplessly as the Germans continue to increase their troops to the Nova Scotia peninsula. They can be transported by sea, a steady stream Send more troops to the Nova Scotia peninsula. And we, subject to the influence of the weather, can no longer continue to increase our troops. At that time, we will not have the slightest advantage." Lieutenant General Omar Bradley said .

Harold? Alexander Lieutenant General and Gerald Temple Lieutenant General are silent.

Indeed, if the German army continues to increase its troops to the Nova Scotia Peninsula, it may be difficult for them to withstand the German attack. At that time, it can only be crushed by the German army with a greater advantage.

"Gentlemen, we must take the initiative. Only in this way can we break the deadlock and win." Lieutenant General Omar Bradley continued.

But at this moment, Major General Thomas opened the door and walked in.

"Report, General. The Germans raided Port Elgin. Now, Port Elgin has fallen." Major General Thomas said with a look of panic.

"What? Port Elgin has fallen?" Several lieutenant generals were shocked. They are very familiar with the map of the Nova Scotia peninsula. Everyone is very clear about the consequences of Port Elgin falling into the hands of the Germans.

"Asshole, the Germans chose to land in Port Elgin, are they trying to eat us all?"

"Huh! The Germans have a great appetite."

"No matter what, we must immediately organize our troops to retake Port Elgin. Otherwise, not only will our rear be threatened, but our supplies will also be cut off. At that time, without supplies, what can we do to fight The Germans?" Lieutenant General Omar Bradley said.

The other three lieutenant generals nodded again and again.

So, the important task of counterattacking Port Elgin fell on the 2nd Army. The US military will deploy the 2nd Armored Division, 11th Mechanized Infantry Division, 14th Infantry Division and 15th Infantry Division of the US Army's 2nd Army to attack Port Elgin. In one fell swoop, the German army that landed was eliminated.

It's just that when they just reached an agreement, a new battle report came.

The Germans captured Sackville. And, a large number of German troops began to land, building a line of defense between Sackville and Port Elgin.

It can be seen that the German army has made up its mind this time and wants to eat all the American and British coalition forces gathered on the Nova Scotia peninsula.

"God! This is obviously a long-planned action by the Germans. Otherwise, how could they have captured Port Elgin and the Nova Scotia peninsula so quickly? Now, they have begun to build a defense line, obviously wanting to They will eat us all." Lieutenant General Harold Alexander exclaimed.

"General Fredendell, we can't delay any longer, launch a counterattack immediately. Otherwise, we will all die here." Lieutenant General Omar Bradley said.

Lieutenant General Lloyd Fredendall nodded and immediately ordered the army to launch an attack.

It's just that it will take time for the 2nd Army to rush to Port Elgin to launch an attack. At the same time, the German Air Force and Navy also dispatched a large number of planes to bomb them, delaying their time.

The 4th Army of the German Army took advantage of this opportunity to step up their landing. Try to land more troops in the shortest possible time and build a stronger defense line to withstand the counterattack of the US and British coalition forces.

At the same time, the news that the German army landed in Port Elgin and cut off the connection between the American and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia Peninsula and the North American continent was also learned by the governments and military of the United States and Britain. This also quickly caused an uproar. Everyone knows that the hundreds of thousands of American and British coalition forces deployed on the Nova Scotia peninsula may be in danger this time. If they are not careful, they will be eaten by the Germans in no time. The United States and Britain also began to actively think of ways to rescue these troops.

Chapter 1699

"Gentlemen, that is to say, the Germans have built a 20-kilometer line of defense between the Nova Scotia Peninsula and New Brunswick, completely encircling our troops on the Nova Scotia Peninsula. Is it inside?" Prime Minister Churchill's face was very ugly.

"Your Excellency, Prime Minister, it can be said. However, the German defense line has just been built, and it is very hasty. The coalition forces have already dispatched troops to launch an attack. As long as we can tear apart the German defense line, then our crisis can be resolved. said Admiral Wavell.

Although Admiral Wavell suffered a defeat, he was not punished, and now serves as the Chief of Staff of the British Army.

"Can we tear through the German defenses?" Prime Minister Churchill asked. He's clearly not that easily fooled.

"Your Excellency, the U.S. military has dispatched elite armored troops and will launch an attack soon. Of course, we can also deploy troops from New Brunswick to participate in the attack. If we attack from both sides, we will tear apart the Germans in one fell swoop The defense line will be more likely," Admiral Wavell went on.

Prime Minister Churchill nodded: "Well, let's deploy troops to participate in the offensive. In any case, our troops on the Nova Scotia peninsula cannot be eaten by the Germans."

"Yes, Your Excellency the Prime Minister." Admiral Wavell and others replied.

After the meeting, Prime Minister Churchill frowned tightly. The current situation is already very unfavorable for the US and British coalition forces. The UK, in particular, is in crisis.

"God! Can we really defeat the British this time? If we fail, where will the British Empire go?" Churchill murmured.

At the same time, the U.S. Army General Staff also held an emergency meeting. Although the German army surrounded the American and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia Peninsula, it also brought them a great shock.

After some discussion and deliberation, Admiral Marshall issued an order to let the US 3rd Army and 4th Army speed up the march, rush to New Brunswick as soon as possible, and invest in the offensive to cooperate with Nova Scotia The US-British coalition forces on the peninsula broke through the German blockade in one fell swoop. At the same time, the United States also sent a note to the British side, asking them to do their best to invest in troops to launch an offensive to rescue the US-British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia peninsula.

It's a pity that the troops under the German 4th Army continuously landed in Port Elgin and joined the defense line. For a line of defense of only 20 kilometers, the 200,000 people under the German 4th Army are enough to arrange this line of defense like an iron bucket. In particular, the German army controls the air and sea supremacy, which gives the German army a greater advantage in battle.

It is almost very difficult for the American and British allied forces to break through the blockade of the German army and escape from birth.

When the German 4th Army completed the blockade of the US-British Allied Forces, the main force of the German Army also launched an attack on the US-British Allied Forces on the Nova Scotia Peninsula.

The German 1st Army and the 10th Army attacked south from the Canso Strait. The main force moved along the coast towards New Glasgow.

The U.S. 1st Army and 2nd Army, as well as the British Army, mobilized troops to intercept the Germans. However, under the fierce attack of the German army, the US and British coalition forces could not resist the German attack at all.

The armored units of the German 1st Army and 2nd Army rushed along the road frantically. With the support of one's own air force and navy's carrier-based aircraft, the defense lines of the US and British coalition forces were easily torn apart one by one.

Under the fierce attack of the German army, the US-British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia Peninsula were completely unable to stop the German attack. The armored units of the U.S. 1st Army were also smashed in front of the solid defense line built by the German 4th Army.

A tank battle broke out between the German 4th Armored Division and the US 2nd Armored Division in the south of Port Elgin. The two sides invested hundreds of tanks in this tank battle. However, the final result is still that the performance of the German "Tiger Leopard Tank" is stronger. At the same time, the quality of the crew members of the German tanks is obviously much better than that of the American armored soldiers who entered the battlefield for the first time. The final result was that the US 2nd Armored Division was almost wiped out. The German 4th Armored Division only paid the price of dozens of tanks being destroyed. Moreover, most of the destroyed tanks were 'Black Panther' tanks. These medium-sized tanks no longer have much advantage in front of the US military's M26 heavy tanks.

The American and British coalition forces fought fiercely in the northern part of the Nova Scotia peninsula. The outcome of this battle is directly related to the fate of both sides.

At this time, the German 25th Army landed at Dartmouth in the eastern part of the Nova Scotia peninsula. With the main forces of the US and British allied forces gathered in the northern part of the Nova Scotia peninsula, the southern part of the peninsula is empty of troops, with only a small number of troops stationed. These troops simply could not withstand the attack of the German 25th Army. Even if this force is newly formed, it is definitely not something that the British Army can resist. Soon, the southern part of the peninsula fell into the control of the German army.

When the German 25th Army landed in the eastern part of the peninsula, the German 26th Army, with the assistance of the Marine Corps, landed on Prince Edward Island.

At this moment, the British army does not have many troops left on Prince Edward Island. It simply cannot withstand the attack of the German 26th Army. In less than two days, the entire Prince Edward Island fell into the hands of the Germans.

After the German army occupied Prince Edward Island, it posed a direct threat to New Brunswick. If the Germans wished, they could set off directly from Prince Edward Island and land in New Brunswick.

At this moment, the US-British coalition forces obviously have no way to stop the German army from landing. The German Marine Corps has proved their strength in a series of previous landing operations.

This also forced the US and British coalition forces to deploy troops to defend the coastal area in northern New Brunswick to prevent the German army from landing.

If the German army lands in New Brunswick again, the US and British coalition forces will be in a more dangerous situation.

However, even so, the troops of the US-British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia peninsula also have no way out. The German Army dispatched a full five armies, as well as five marine divisions. A total of as many as 1.1 million troops.

In addition, the German army still has command of the sea and the air. Under such circumstances, even if the US and British coalition forces continue to resist stubbornly, they will not last long.

At the end of December, the hundreds of thousands of American and British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia Peninsula were all annihilated by the German army.

Chapter 1700

New Glasgow, originally the headquarters of the US-British coalition forces on the Nova Scotia peninsula. But now the city has been captured by the German army. What used to be a beautiful seaside city has now become a ruin.

The remnants of the US 1st Army and 2nd Army originally attempted to resist here. However, under the fierce attack of the German army with absolute superiority, they only persisted for two days, and surrendered to the German army because of heavy losses, no supplies, and the plight of the troops running out of ammunition and food.

Lieutenant General Omar Bradley, Commander of the US First Army Group, on behalf of the US-British Allied Forces, handed over his gun to Marshal Bromberg, Commander of the German First Army Group.

In this battle of the Nova Scotia peninsula, there were more than 700,000 American and British coalition forces, and more than 200,000 casualties. The rest went into the German prisoner-of-war camps. There are also some soldiers of the American and British coalition forces trying to escape to the United States across the Bay of Fundy. However, under the resistance of the German army, it failed. Instead, many people froze to death and drowned in the Bay of Fundy.

After the German army completely captured the Nova Scotia Peninsula, it can be regarded as gaining a firm foothold on the North American continent. Next, the German army can continuously send troops to the North American continent. After all, the German army has now gained command of the sea, and can support millions of people fighting on the North American continent through powerful maritime transportation.

The Army Group B and Army Group C of the German Army will also go to the North American continent to fight one after another. In addition, the vast protectorate and vassal states of Germany will also send troops to assist the German army in combat. This indicates that the German army's attack on the North American continent has entered the most critical moment.

"Gentlemen, winning the Nova Scotia peninsula is just the first battle we won on the North American continent. His Majesty the Emperor is very satisfied with our victory, and personally sent a telegram of commendation!" Bu Marshal Romberg smiled.

The German generals who participated in this meeting also had joyful expressions on their faces. No matter at what time, it is a supreme honor for them to be rewarded by His Majesty the Emperor. Even, when getting promoted in the future, it will become a kind of qualification.

"However, although we have won the Nova Scotia Peninsula. However, this is only the beginning. Next, we need to continue to attack and further expand our advantages." Marshal Bromberg Then he said.

The generals nodded again and again.

Although the German army wiped out 700,000 American and British coalition forces in this battle, there is still a long way to go before completely defeating the United States and Britain.

Therefore, they need to continue to win. Only in this way will it be possible to win the final victory.

"Army Group B has already started boarding, and will soon arrive on the North American continent. I hope that before Army Group B arrives, we can win another victory, invade New Brunswick in one fell swoop, and eliminate the entrenched American and British forces out there!" Marshal Bromberg said.

"Your Excellency, Marshal, this is completely feasible. Although the U.S. military still has two armies in New Brunswick, and the British still have hundreds of thousands of people. However, their morale is at a time when their morale is low. If we launch an offensive, the possibility of defeating them is very high." The commander of the 4th Army, General William Keitel, said.

Several other group army commanders also agreed. In their view, the German army is now in a completely superior position, and if they continue to attack, there will be no problem in defeating the US-British coalition forces.

The biggest trouble may not be the resistance of the US and British coalition forces, but the bad weather.

However, the German offensive was always carried out not far from the coast. In this case, at least the supply of troops can be guaranteed.

On December 26, just after Christmas, the German army launched an offensive again.

4th Army, 1st Army, launches an attack from Nova Scotia to New Brunswick. Although the fighting on the Nova Scotia peninsula was very unfavorable, the US and British coalition forces attempted to build a strong defense line in eastern New Brunswick to resist the German attack. But in the icy environment, how strong can they build fortifications?

The German army preparing to charge launched an attack with two armored divisions and four mechanized infantry divisions as the main force. More than a thousand tanks and a large number of armored vehicles formed a torrent of steel and rushed towards the positions of the US and British coalition forces.

The German Air Force and Navy even dispatched a large number of fighters to assist in the battle.

The US and British coalition forces also know that this battle is of great importance. Therefore, the U.S. Army Air Force also dispatched a large number of fighters in an attempt to provide air cover for ground forces. A fierce air battle broke out between the two sides, but in the end the U.S. Army Air Force was still suppressed. Not only did it lose a large number of fighters, but it also failed to prevent the German Air Force and Navy's carrier-based aircraft from bombing the U.S. military.

On the 27th, the German armored forces tore through the U.S. defense line and launched an attack on the depths of the U.S. military.

At the same time, the German 10th Army also participated in the offensive. The 26th Army, with the assistance of the Marine Corps, landed on the northern coast of New Brunswick.

The German army invested in the US-British coalition forces that were attacking New Brunswick with 4 armies and more than 800,000 people.

Under the fierce attack of the German army, the American and British coalition forces retreated steadily.

During the retreat, something very interesting happened. That is, when the US military retreated, they all retreated southward, attempting to retreat along the Bay of Fundy to Maine in the northeastern United States. The British army retreated northward, attempting to retreat to Quebec along the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

This caused the US and British coalition forces to separate and fight on their own. It made them even more unable to resist the German attack in battle.

It can be said that the German army has already won the battle of New Brunswick. Hundreds of thousands of American and British coalition forces were defeated across the board.

The US 3rd Army and 4th Army retreated back to Maine after suffering heavy losses. At the same time, the U.S. Army urgently mobilized a large number of troops to deploy defenses in Maine to prevent the German army from attacking the U.S. territory.

The British army retreated to Quebec, and deployed defenses across the Appalachian Mountains to prevent the Germans from entering Quebec.

But in fact, the strategic goals of the German 1st Army Group have all been completed by this moment. They were not ready to attack again until the follow-up Army Groups B and C arrived. On the one hand, it is naturally due to insufficient troops, and on the other hand, it is the weather problem. In this world of ice and snow, if the front is stretched too long, it will also pose a fatal threat to the German army.